



Ensure that all employees know where to gather

3 Account for all personnel

Provide accurate information

Request Assistance if needed

Request transportation as necessary

Notify surface personnel

3 Ensure communications

Maintain constant communications

Provide communications phone at site, if possible

3 Make sure that all SCSRs are gathered and available

Don't minimize possible seriousness of situation

Remove all personnel outby affected areas

Instruct all employees to do a personal assessment for hazards as they approach a problem. Stop, Look, Analyze, Manage

Direct workforce at site

3 Assess situation

3 Secure site

Refer to written fire-fighting plan

"First few minutes are the most critical"

Don't minimize possible seriousness of situation

Prepare to evacuate if necessary

3 Fire/Explosion

Only as a last resort

Prepare to barricade if necessary

Withdraw to safe location

Hit emergency stop on power center

Account for all persons

Refer to escapeway and evacuation plan

Water can carry, carbon dioxide (black damp) or hydrogen sulfide (stink damp) with it. Methane detectors may not function properly in low oxygen atmospheres

3 Inundations (water, gas)

Ventilate area (Gas)

Arrange for immediate transportation

Maintain continuous communications with surface

Serious Injury

Provide First Aid

Request ambulance

Request MET/backup

Account for all people

If gas is detected, hit emergency stop on power center (see gas inundation procedures)

See gas inundation procedures

Check for gas

Roof Falls (Unintentional)

Danger off all approaches

Refer to unintentional roof fall plan

Prepare to support area

Report to mine management immediately

Conduct safety talks dealing with problem areas as necessary



Have your firefighting and evacuation plans taught to employees

Training

11. Emergencies and Unusual Situations