

Tying it all together : Weaving in the strands of Mathematical Proficiency

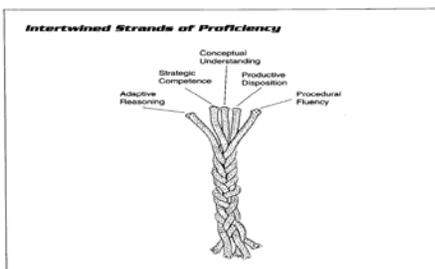
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Presentation can be found on
<http://mason.gmu.edu/~jsuh4/teaching/strands.htm>

Mathematical proficiency

1. *Conceptual understanding* –
2. *Procedural fluency* –
3. *Strategic competence* –
4. *Adaptive reasoning*–
5. *Productive disposition* –

Kettle Math- example of what it is not.

Strands of Mathematical Proficiency



Mathematical Proficiency

- *conceptual understanding* - comprehension of mathematical concepts, operations, and relations
- *procedural fluency* - skill in carrying out procedures flexibly, accurately, efficiently, and appropriately
- *strategic competence* - ability to formulate, represent, and solve mathematical problems
- *adaptive reasoning*- capacity for logical thought, reflection, explanation, and justification
- *productive disposition* - habitual inclination to see mathematics as sensible, useful, and worthwhile, coupled with a belief in diligence and one's own efficacy.

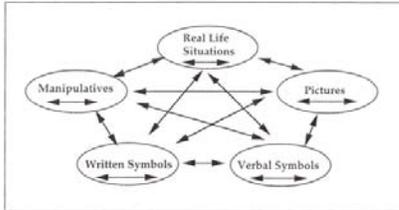


The Forgotten Standards...

NCTM Process Standard

- Problem Solving
- Reasoning and Proof
- Communication
- Connections
- Representations

CONCEPTUAL UNDERSTANDING



Conceptual Understanding

MODELING MATHEMATICS

Modeling Math	
I can write it with numbers	I can draw a picture of it.
I can write a word problem.	I can model it using _____ math tools and explain my thinking.

Created by Heather Lee. <http://mathworksheetsland.com>

Modeling Math

I can write it with numbers Fractions: $\frac{9}{10}$ decimals: .9	I can draw a picture of it.
I can write it with words. four Earths	I can model it using _____ math tools and explain my thinking.

Make Real World Connections

Concept maps

Taboo

Pictionary

wiki-board

<http://mathworksheetsland.com>

Math Vocabulary Connection

Word: Symmetry

Definition in my own words: Something that if you cut some thing in half it will be the same on both sides.

Pictures and examples:

Real world connection: A flower

I know this word: from math symmetrical need help

Fraction

- 1) Region Model(Pattern Blocks) most concrete for students to understand. The region is the whole and the parts are congruent (same size and shape) Types of regions include circles, rectangle, square, triangle

Fraction Folding (FD 7,8,9,10)

Pattern Block (FD 35, 36, & FD 49-56)

Fraction Circles(Equivalent Fraction –Aims)

Length model

- 2) Length model(Tape measures) Any unit of length can be partitioned into fractional parts (Number line, ruler, long strip of paper, cuisinaire blocks)

- Cuisinaire activity (Cuisinaire riddles)
- Number Line Fraction (Fraction Bar game)

Set model

- 3) set model (2 color counters) uses a set of objects as whole; This sometimes causes difficulty because students don't see the set of objects as one complete whole. Children need many experience partitioning sets(background for division) then seeing if the sets can be partitioned into equal parts
- Color Counter activity (page FD3,4,5)
 - Four bean salad

Area model

- 4) Area model(geoboards) more sophisticated version of the region model. The parts must have equal area but do not have to be in the same shape. Students need an understanding of area.

Geoboard activity

Strategic Competence

- Ability to formulate, represent, and solve mathematical problems
- Experience with problem solving strategies
- Flexibility of approaches

Math Happening

- **OBJECTIVE:** Share a real-life event (math happening) and pose a question that can be answered using the information given in the story. Illustrate the number sentence by drawing a picture.

Problem Posing

Math Curse...at Westlawn?

The bell rang and so I ran to my music class. Ms. Melody had already began her lesson on drum beats. She said, " Now, I want everyone in the front row to hit the drum."

• whole note (1)

Then she really started to speak in music language. " Look at the music chart and tell me ...What is an eighth note and an eighth note? an eighth note with a quarter note? 4 eighth notes with 2 eighth notes?"

• half note (2)

• quarter note (4)

• eighth note (8)

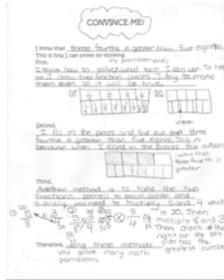
So what is
 $1/8 + 1/8 =$
 $1/8 + 1/8 =$
 $4/8 = 2/8 =$

Strategy cards

<p>Problem Solving Strategies...</p> <p>Act it out.</p>	<p>Look for a pattern.</p> <p>$\square \triangle \square \triangle$</p> <p>Guess and Check.</p> <p>? ✓</p>	<p>Draw a picture</p> <p>Write a number sentence.</p> <p>$5 \times 4 = 20$</p>												
<p>Use logical reasoning.</p>	<p>Work backwards.</p> <p>$(?) - (x2) + (-2) = 5$</p>	<p>Make an organized list.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - vanilla with chocolate - vanilla with rainbow - vanilla with raisins 												
<p>Make a table.</p> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td># of people</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> </tr> <tr> <td># of eyes</td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> <td>6</td> <td>8</td> <td>10</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	# of people	1	2	3	4	5	# of eyes	2	4	6	8	10	<p>Use a simpler problem.</p> <p>If I know $3 \cdot 7 = 21$ then I know $6 \cdot 7$ is 21 doubled = 42</p>	<p>'s Strategy.</p>
# of people	1	2	3	4	5									
# of eyes	2	4	6	8	10									

Adaptive reasoning

- capacity for logical thought, reflection, explanation, and justification



Better Buy... adaptive reasoning

I went shopping to Costco and to Giant with my bargain shopper husband and compared prices on our snacks. What is a better buy?



- Choose a better buy.
- 4 oz can of peanuts for 45 cents
10 oz can of peanuts for 90 cents
 - 14oz sauce for 79cents
18oz sauce for 81 cents
 - 3oz bag of chips for 30cents or
4 oz bag for 44cents

Procedural Fluency

procedural fluency - skill in carrying out procedures flexibly, accurately, efficiently, and appropriately

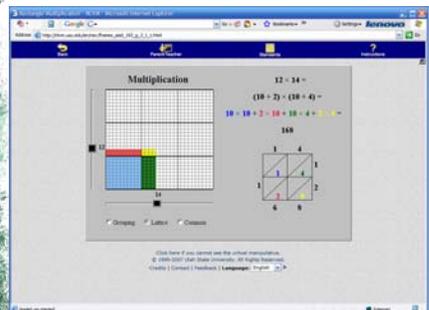
Challenge 24

Count down

Stand up, hand up and share

How does the lattice multiplication work?

http://nlvm.usu.edu/en/nav/frames_asid_192_g_2_t_1.html



Procedural fluency

Mental Computation

- Observing and using relationships
- Using patterns
- Using thinking strategies
- Recognizing different forms
- Connect number words and numerals to the quantities they represent, using various physical models and representations

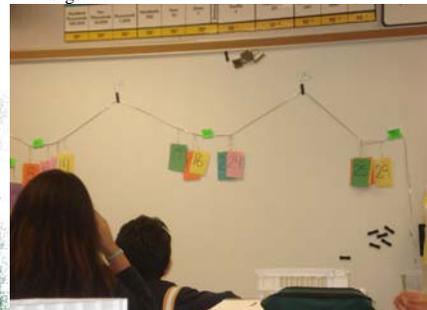
Estimation

- Judging unreasonableness
- Using numbers flexibly
- Using referents and benchmarks
- Relative position and magnitude of whole/rational numbers



Rounding and Number Line

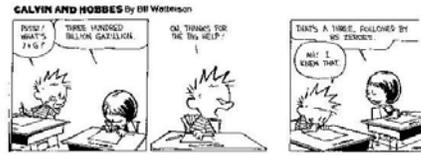
Materials: Clothesline and clothespin
Hanger



Fraction Line up

- Close to 0, $\frac{1}{2}$ and 1
- Fraction circles or fraction bar
- Fraction mat with 0-1/2 - 1
- Number Sense with Fraction & Decimals
- Reflection questions:
 - What's alike about all the fractions close to 1?
 - What's alike about all fractions close to $\frac{1}{2}$?
 - What's alike about all fractions close to 0?

Judging Reasonableness...



Problem of the week

<http://www.figurethis.org/>
<http://eduplace.com>

Why aren't manhole covers round?

Figure This!
 Why aren't manhole covers square?

Figure This!
 Math Challenges for Families



Literature Connections

Present math activities in contexts.



Assessing math proficiency

Assessing Mathematical Proficiency

Activity: _____ Date: _____

Student Name	Parent and Occasion
Conceptual Understanding	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands concepts of unit • Understands relationships between units • Understands and explains relationships 	
Procedural Understanding	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands algorithms • Understands relationships 	
Strategic Competence	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands and explains why • Can solve similar problems • Can do a long sequence of steps • Can explain 	
Adaptive Reasoning	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands relationships • Understands and explains • Understands concepts clearly 	
Productive Disposition	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understands and explains • Understands and explains • Understands and explains • Understands and explains 	

Fully accomplished the task
 Partially accomplished the task
 Did not accomplish the task

Publication Data:
[Adding It Up: Helping Children Learn Mathematics](#),
 Mathematics Learning Study Committee,
 Jeremy Kilpatrick, Jane Swafford, and Bradford Findell, editors. National Academy Press, 2001.
 Hardcover, 480 pp,
 \$29.95. ISBN 0-309-06995-5.

