

Week 3 Recitation Problems

MATH:113, Recitations 304 and 305

Limit Problems

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{6+4t}{t^2+1}$
 2. is the function $g(z) = \frac{6}{z^2-3z-10}$ continuous at
 - (a) $z = -2$?
 - (b) $z = 0$?
 - (c) $z = 5$?
 3. for the function
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 7 - 4x & x < 1 \\ x^2 + 2 & x \geq 1 \end{cases}$$
evaluate the limits
 - (a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -6} f(x)$
 - (b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$
 - (c) (*challenge!*) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{3}} f(f(x))$
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What errors can you find?

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 - \cos^2(t)}{\sin(-t)} &= \lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{-\sin^2(t)}{\sin(-t)} \\&= \lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{-\sin^2(t)}{-\sin(t)} \\&= \frac{\lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} -\sin^2(t)}{\lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} -\sin(t)} \\&= \frac{0}{0} \\&= \text{DNE}.\end{aligned}$$

Solutions

1. Plug in values! Does $\lim_{t \rightarrow -3} t^2 - 1$ exist? (yes!) so,

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{t \rightarrow -3} \frac{6+4t}{t^2+1} &= \frac{\lim_{t \rightarrow -3} 6+4t}{\lim_{t \rightarrow -3} t^2+1} \\&= \frac{6+4(-3)}{(-3)^2+1} \\&= \boxed{-\frac{3}{5}}.\end{aligned}$$

2. Factor the denominator!

$$z^2 - 3z - 10 = (z-5)(z+2)$$

and our numerator is constant, so

(a) no, (b) yes, (c) no

3.

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -6} f(x) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} 7-4x & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x^2+2 & \lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{3}} f(f(x)) &= f(\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{3}} f(x)) \\&= 7-4(-6) &&= (1)^2+2 &&= f(\sqrt{3}^2+2) \\&= 7+24 &&= \boxed{3} &&= f(5) \\&= 31 &&&&= \boxed{27}\end{aligned}$$

4. Errors are:

① $1-\cos^2(t) \neq -\sin^2(t)$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1-\cos^2(t)}{\sin(t)} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\sin^2(t)}{-\sin(t)}$$

② $\lim_{t \rightarrow \pi} -\sin(t)$ doesn't exist,

$$= " " -\sin(t)$$

so we can't write it as
a fraction

$$= \boxed{0}$$

③ answer's wrong!